Plan Management Advisory Workgroup Meeting

August 13, 2020
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<td>10:00 – 10:10</td>
<td>Welcome and Agenda Review</td>
<td>Rob Spector</td>
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<td>10:10 – 10:20</td>
<td>2021 Rates and Offerings</td>
<td>Jan Falzarano</td>
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<td>10:20 – 10:40</td>
<td>Consumer Mapping Journey</td>
<td>Jen Jacobs</td>
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<td>Quality Transformation Fund Update</td>
<td>Margareta Brandt</td>
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<td>10:50 – 11:00</td>
<td>2022 Attachment 7 Amendment Work and Process Update</td>
<td>Margareta Brandt</td>
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<td>11:00 – 11:25</td>
<td>Revised Guiding Principles for Contractual Expectations of Health Plans</td>
<td>Taylor Priestley</td>
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<td>11:25 – 11:50</td>
<td>Revised Vision Statements to Inform Covered California’s Model Contract and Attachment 7 Refresh 2023-2025</td>
<td>Thai Lee</td>
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<td>11:50 – 12:00</td>
<td>Open Forum</td>
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2021 RATES AND OFFERINGS

Jan Falzarano, Deputy Director of Plan Management
2021 PREMIUM RATES

- The individual market average rate increase is 0.6 percent, the lowest increase since Covered California’s launch.
  - Anticipated COVID-19 costs were largely offset by deferral of regular care, so had little to no net impact on premiums.
  - 2020 Open Enrollment was up 41 percent over 2019, and Special Enrollment is nearly double 2019 enrollment for the same period. Both cohorts are healthier on average than their 2019 equivalent.
  - Repeal of the Health Insurance Tax lowered premiums an average of 1.7 percent (0 percent to 3.3 percent across carriers).
  - Covered California’s Participation fee was reduced from 3.5 percent to 3.25 percent.
- Regional changes varied between a 2.6% decrease (Region 13) and a 5.6% increase in Region 7 (Santa Clara County).
- Rate changes by carriers varied between a 4.6% decrease and a 7.6% increase.
2021 OFFERINGS

All 11 health insurance issuers will return for 2021, two issuers are expanding their offerings.

- Anthem EPO: Expanded service area will include Inyo, Mono, Imperial and Kern counties (Regions 13 & 14)
- Anthem HMO: New product in Orange County (Region 18)
- Oscar EPO: Expanded service area will include San Mateo County (Region 8).

99.8 percent of Californians can choose between two issuers, 88 percent from three or more and 76 percent from 4 or more.

Detailed 2021 rate and coverage data is available at: https://hbex.coveredca.com/data-research/
CONSUMER MAPPING JOURNEY REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL

Jen Jacobs, Director of Consumer Experience
OBJECTIVE

Covered California would like to better understand the experiences of its consumers by conducting end-to-end consumer journey mapping. By understanding what is working well and where there are pain points, Covered California can formulate recommendations to improve the consumer experience with metrics to measure performance and consumer satisfaction.

The Contractor selected during the RFP process will assist Covered California in documenting experiences through the lens of the consumer during:
COLLABORATION

Covered California is interested in complementing its existing work in evaluating the experience of its consumers through a collaborate consumer journey mapping exercise.

Participation from our "journey facilitators" are critical to the success of this work. Covered California looks forward to this collaborative effort with our qualified health plans, certified enrollers, advocates, and CalHEERS.
## TIMELINE

September 1, 2020 through August 31, 2021
- Contract includes option for two (2) 1-year extensions

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EXPECTED OUTCOMES

• A qualitative research design that engages consumers, journey facilitators, and stakeholders to understand the consumer experience and how they are served through shared management of channels.
• Ability to analyze the consumers’ point of view as well as the consumers’ emotional context relative to their experience.
• A representation of the consumer’s journey at current state as well as an actionable roadmap to address opportunities for a future state.
• Questions?

• For more information please email Jen Jacobs at Jen.Jacobs@covered.ca.gov
QUALITY TRANSFORMATION FUND PROGRESS UPDATE

Margareta Brandt, Senior Quality Specialist
Covered California is proposing to develop the measures and methodology for the Quality Transformation Fund (QTF) to pilot in 2022 with no funds at risk and implement the first year of money at risk in 2023.

The QTF measures and methodology will not be detailed in the 2022 contract amendment but issuers will be expected to participate in the pilot. Covered California will publish the QTF measures and methodology separately from the contract.

Covered California presented the QTF Goals, Principles and Measure Criteria to Plan Management Advisory in July.

Staff is reviewing the feedback received and updating the QTF Goals, Principles and Measure Criteria.
NEXT STEPS FOR QTF DEVELOPMENT

- Present updated QTF Goals, Principles and Measure Criteria to Plan Management Advisory
- Develop a proposed QTF Measure Set using the Covered California Measure Set and Measure Criteria
  - The proposed QTF Measure Set is being updated based on feedback to the Measure Set and Measure Criteria
  - Covered California will be discussing the proposed QTF Measure Set with DHCS, CalPERS, and other purchasers to promote measure alignment within purchaser quality incentive or accountability programs
- Develop proposal for performance evaluation or scoring methodology (the amount of penalty a plan will pay based on their performance on the measure set)
- Model the financial impact to plans and consumers based on the performance evaluation proposal
- Model the enrollment impact to plans based on the penalty assessment
- Develop a proposal for how the funds from penalty assessments will be collected and distributed to providers to support quality improvement and delivery system reform
- Feedback will be collected related to each of these components of QTF development
2022 ATTACHMENT 7 AMENDMENT PROGRESS UPDATE

Margareta Brandt, Senior Quality Specialist
Covered California will be implementing an amendment to the Model Contract and Attachment 7 for 2022. The Model Contract and Attachment 7 refresh has been delayed to 2023-2025.

2022 is a transitional year to focus on a narrowed set of QHP issuer requirements to continue progress and lay the foundation for more transformational requirements in 2023.

2022 Attachment 7 Amendment is being developed using the criteria of reducing burden, focusing on priorities, considering feasibility, and implementing foundational elements in preparation for 2023 and beyond.

- These criteria will guide recommendations to add requirements, enhance current requirements and remove some existing requirements.
The 2022 Attachment 7 amendment will address the Assuring Quality Care domains, the Effective Care Delivery strategies, and specifically address the following key drivers: Patient-Centered Social Needs, Data Sharing and Analytics, and Accreditation.

Requirements related to other key drivers will be incorporated throughout the requirements for the Assuring Quality Care domains and the Effective Care Delivery strategies, as applicable.
PROPOSED 2022 ATTACHMENT 7 AMENDMENT TIMELINE

May-Aug 2020

Ongoing internal development and review of proposed requirements for the 2022 Attachment 7 amendment for each domain, strategy and select key drivers (using the Quality Care and Delivery Reform framework)

Sept 2020

Sept: Present Attachment 7 Amendment proposed requirements for each domain, strategy and select key drivers to Plan Advisory

End of Sept: Post First Draft for Public Comment

Oct-Dec 2020

Oct: Public Comment Period and Response

Nov: Draft presented to Board Meeting

Oct-Nov: Covered California staff edits and updates amendment based on public comments and stakeholder feedback.

Jan 2021

Jan 2021: Board Approval of 2022 Model Contract and Attachment 7 Amendment

Winter 2020: Attachment 7 Refresh Workgroup resumes to discuss potential requirements for the 2023-2025 Contract
2020 Revised Guiding Principles for Developing Expectations of Health Plans

Taylor Priestley, Health Equity Officer
1. Driven by the desire to meet two complementary and overlapping objectives:
   □ **Assuring Quality Care:** Ensure our enrollees receive the right care, at the right time, in the right setting, at the right price.
   □ **Effective Care Delivery:** Promoting value-enhancing strategies that have the potential to reform the delivery system in the near and long term.

2. Seek to improve the health of the population, improve the experience of care, reduce the cost of care, reduce administrative burden, and reduce health care disparities.

3. Success will be assessed by outcomes, measured at the most appropriate level, in preference to adoption of specific strategies.

4. We will promote alignment with other purchasers as much as possible.

5. Enrollees will have access to networks offered through the issuers that are based on high quality and efficient providers.

6. Enrollees have the tools needed to be active consumers, including both provider selection and shared clinical decision making.

7. Payment will increasingly be aligned with value and proven delivery models.

8. Variation in the delivery of quality care will be minimized by assuring that each provider meets minimum standards.
GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR DEVELOPING EXPECTATIONS OF HEALTH PLANS – 2020 REVISION

1. Contract expectations are driven by the desire to improve the health of the population, improve care delivered, reduce the cost of care and reduce health disparities by assuring three complementary and overlapping objectives are met by health plans:
   - Assuring Quality Care: Ensuring our enrollees receive the right care, at the right time, in the right setting, at the right price.
   - Fostering Improvements in Care Delivery: Promoting value-enhancing strategies that have the potential to reform the delivery system in the near and long term.
   - Promoting Health Equity: Acknowledging the role of social determinants and systemic racism, Covered California expects its issuers and partners to address the impact of social needs and health disparities experienced by Covered California enrollees.

2. Success will be assessed by outcomes, measured at the most appropriate level, in preference to adoption of specific strategies.

3. Prioritizing requirements that meet multiple objectives and leveraging existing initiatives and mechanisms will reduce administrative burden.

4. Promoting alignment with other purchasers will maximize impact, elevate shared priority objectives and increase efficiency.

5. Enrollees will have access to networks offered through the issuers that are based on high quality and efficient providers.

6. Enrollees will have the tools needed to be active consumers, including tools for provider selection and shared clinical decision making.

7. Payment will increasingly be aligned with value and proven delivery models.

8. Actively monitoring and reducing variations in quality and cost of care will ensure better outcomes across the network for all Covered California Enrollees.
## GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR DEVELOPING EXPECTATIONS OF HEALTH PLANS – 2020 REVISION AND RATIONALE

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<tr>
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| 1. Driven by the desire to meet two complementary and overlapping objectives:  
  - Assuring Quality Care: Ensure our enrollees receive the right care, at the right time, in the right setting, at the right price.  
  - Effective Care Delivery: Promoting value-enhancing strategies that have the potential to reform the delivery system in the near and long term.  
  2. Seek to improve the health of the population, improve the experience of care, reduce the cost of care, reduce administrative burden, and reduce health care disparities. | **Merged principles 1 and 2**  
Contract expectations are driven by the desire to improve the health of the population, improve care delivered, reduce the cost of care and reduce health disparities by assuring three complementary and overlapping objectives are met by health plans:  
  - **Assuring Quality Care**: Ensuring our enrollees receive the right care, at the right time, in the right setting, at the right price.  
  - **Fostering Improvements in Care Delivery**: Promoting value-enhancing strategies that have the potential to reform the delivery system in the near and long term.  
  - **Promoting Health Equity**: Acknowledging the role of social determinants and systemic racism, Covered California expects its issuers and partners to address the impact of social needs and health disparities experienced by Covered California enrollees. | Elevates and anchors our work in our commitment to the Triple Aim and health equity with an increased emphasis on the latter. Explicitly states our commitment to acknowledge systemic racism and the role of social determinants of health. Covered California acknowledges the challenges of addressing upstream social determinants of health and systemic racism. These guiding principles serve as an evolving document to help guide Covered California and its partners to find complementary and collaborative solutions. |
| Seek to improve the health of the population, improve the experience of care, reduce the cost of care, reduce administrative burden, and reduce health care disparities. | **Prioritizing requirements that meet multiple objectives and leveraging existing initiatives and mechanisms will reduce administrative burden.** | Creates a dedicated principle for burden reduction and prioritization. |
| We will promote alignment with other purchasers as much as possible. | **Promoting alignment with other purchasers will maximize impact, elevate shared priority objectives and increase efficiency** | Revises our commitment to alignment to better reflect our objectives and to remove the appearance that we may settle for the lowest common denominator in the interest of alignment; we will remain committed to our vision and core objectives. |
| Variation in the delivery of quality care will be minimized by ensuring that each provider meets minimum standards. | **Actively monitoring and reducing variations in quality and cost of care will ensure better outcomes across the network for all Covered California enrollees** | Revised to emphasize Covered California’s commitment to understanding and addressing variation in quality and cost across providers (facilities, physician groups, etc.). Covered California will track provider quality, determine baselines, and establish minimum standards for quality. |
FEEDBACK ON GUIDING PRINCIPLES

• Questions?

• Please send questions or comments to Thai at thai.lee@covered.ca.gov
Envisioning the Future of Health and Healthcare

2030 Vision Statements to Inform Covered California’s Model Contract and Attachment 7 Refresh 2023-2025

Thai Lee, Senior Quality Specialist
CORE ASSUMPTIONS TO COVERED CALIFORNIA’S APPROACH

Covered California remains committed to health equity. Addressing disparities in health care has been integral to Covered California’s mission in ensuring consumers receive the right care at the right time, regardless of race, gender, where one lives or other socioeconomic factors.

Alignment, empowerment and support of meaningful improvement at five levels are necessary for fundamental change:

1. **Consumers and patients** – how they are engaged in maintaining good health and in getting best care when needed;

2. **Clinicians and hospitals** – where and how care is provided (physician practices, hospitals and other sites of care);

3. **Plans** – what they do independently and with others to both improve care and improve the health of their members;

4. **Purchasers** - what they do independently and with others to both improve care and improve the health of their employees; and

5. **Communities** – working collaboratively to improve the well-being of community members and address the social determinants of health.
COVERED CALIFORNIA’S OVERARCHING GOALS IN HEALTH PLAN CONTRACTING

1. Ensure that each Covered California enrollee receives the best possible care at the lowest possible cost.

2. Achieve the best possible health and healthcare for all California residents.

3. Establish a process that will ensure continual improvement of California’s health system through well-aligned near-term incremental changes and longer-term transformational reforms.

4. Provide a model that can spread broadly and insights and tools that others can adopt to help scale and spread the lessons learned.
DEVELOPING A VISION FOR THE FUTURE

• To help achieve these goals, Covered California’s believes it is important to know what we are trying to achieve.

• This process began with an initial draft vision for what the future health system would have to look like to meet those goals from the perspectives of each of these major constituencies:
  - Consumers and patients
  - Clinicians and hospitals
  - Health plans
  - Purchasers
  - Communities
CONSUMERS AND PATIENTS: CURRENT STATE

• The quality of care received is very inconsistent, varying based on both consumers’ personal characteristics and differences in how care is organized and delivered. Some Californians receive consistently high-quality care while others receive care that is either poor or variable quality.

• There is widespread disparities in the quality of healthcare based on race, ethnicity, socioeconomic status, Limited English Proficiency (LEP), disability and geography.

• Lack of clear communications and lack of effort to remove literacy-related barriers that impact patients’ access to high quality care.

• Choice of providers and plans is available to many, but lack of information on the quality and cost of treatments, providers and plans makes it difficult for consumers to choose based on meaningful measures of quality and their individual values and preferences.

• There is massive amounts of data that fail to help consumers or patients contributing to uncertainty about how to get help and from whom and about what to do to maintain health or manage illness.

• Cost and affordability are barriers to access to high quality care at the right time. Care is often delivered where it will be most profitable rather than where it is most needed or most effective. Care is fragmented and poorly coordinated and comes with a high cost and administrative burden.

• Many consumers feel disrespected and stigmatized with particular challenges due to race/ethnicity, LGBTQ+, language barriers, mental and behavioral health conditions, disability status and education. This contributes to a pervasive lack of trust that makes it less likely they will access and receive effective care.
CONSUMERS AND PATIENTS: 2030 FUTURE STATE

Consumers and Patients Have Access to a Safe, Timely, Equitable, Effective, Affordable and Patient-Centered Health System

• The health system embraces a culture of health equity and puts consumers, patients and caregivers needs first, by understanding their preferences, goals, values and assets foremost in a system built through consumer-centered design. This includes a recognition of the value of community networks and social infrastructure that support patients’ social needs to minimize emergency room and hospital admissions.

• Everyone has the information, care and support needed to promote or improve health, seek and obtain care, manage health-related conditions and make health-related decisions. Patients are activated and engaged so that their goals and values guide health decisions-- and the feedback of diverse patients and experiences are valued and integrated in a learning system. Patients own and control their health information.

• The evidence required to make informed choices of treatments, providers and plans is sound, trusted and easy to understand. The safety, quality, effectiveness, efficiency and equity of care are continually improving.

• The health system is affordable, trusted, simple to use, tailored to the needs of each individual and is consuming a declining share of economic resources so that other human needs and wants can be met.

• Patients can expect to be treated with respect, regardless of race/ethnicity and other sociodemographic factors.

• There are programs and services to address social determinants of health and reduce health disparities across communities. A focus on whole-person care ensures that care is coordinated and communicated at the patient level between physical, oral and mental health care and is culturally and linguistically appropriate.
CLINICIANS: CURRENT STATE

- Payment and management systems have imposed considerable administrative burdens on clinicians which undermine professional values, reduce clinician autonomy and prioritize revenue generation, payer status and income rather than patient needs, all of which contribute to physician burnout and decreasing satisfaction.

- A key source of burden on clinicians is lack of alignment among purchasers and payers. Variation in priorities and requirements cascades to variation in provider performance. Primary care clinicians often work with several organized physician groups interfering with their ability to assume the leadership roles that are needed.

- The information needed to deliver care is too often unavailable due to siloed, administratively focused, and often burdensome electronic health records.

- Physicians (especially, but other clinicians as well) carry high levels of debt that force career choices that are often disconnected from the motivations that brought them to health care. Too few clinicians are entering primary care.

- The clinician workforce is maldistributed, with rural and low-income communities often underserved. Physicians increasingly work for corporate medical groups, independent practice associations or health systems rather than on their own or in integrated delivery systems.

- Clinicians are too often paid in ways that do not encourage better care or lower costs (largely through fee-for-service) rather than under payment models that create incentives aligned with patients’ needs for affordable, high quality care – such as capitated or value-based payments.

- The clinician workforce is not always reflective of the populations served, contributing to lack of cultural humility and implicit bias in care delivery.

- There is a lack of investment in preventive and primary care which results in an increasing number of Californians with chronic conditions and comorbidities and greater health care costs.

Collaborative, team-based care models are gaining traction, but far from the norm in the practice setting.
Clinicians are Empowered and Supported to Deliver the Best Possible Care for Their Patients

- Physicians and other clinicians are working in settings where they have the training, support, resources, time and information needed to deliver the best possible care to their patients while contributing to improving the health of their community.

- The foundation of this care is accessible, data-driven, team-based primary care that is culturally and linguistically appropriate.

- Primary care clinicians work for and assume a leadership role in managing integrated, coordinated health care systems. A broader range of clinicians, beyond physicians, provide care to patients based on their health needs. Members of the team share information and assist in decision-making based on their unique skills – all with the common goal of providing the safest, best possible care to patients.

- Information systems integrate comprehensive historical and real-time clinical data to support patient-centered collaborative decision-making, health system improvement and accountability, all with minimal administrative work on the part of clinicians.

- Universal access and alternative payment models enable health systems and clinicians to provide care to all who need it and be rewarded financially for improving both health and care.

- The health professional workforce is trusted and valued, collaborative and team oriented, reflects the diversity of the populations health systems serve and works to address racial/ethnic biases. Professional values are prioritized and joy in work has returned.

- Primary care providers partner with community stakeholders and social service organizations to prevent and manage chronic conditions. To support this vision, purchasers and payers must align priorities and requirements around clinician performance.
HOSPITALS: CURRENT STATE

• Hospitals are essential community resources, as the only current place to treat seriously ill patients, deliver technologically advanced interventions and emergency treatment. Some hospitals provide highly specialized, high quality care and often play a vital role in disasters or public health emergencies.

• Hospitals are important educational sites for physicians, nurses and other health professionals.

• Hospitals are increasingly the only source of care for the uninsured but are hard pressed to deliver needed primary and chronic care to the uninsured and are an ineffective way to finance that care.

• Hospitals that are part of an integrated delivery system offer high quality care at low costs and can keep rural and underserved community hospitals financially secure.

• Hospitals’ financial models are largely based on fee-for-service payment systems that reward volume and high-margin (often high cost) services and attracting high-paying patients. The result in many communities is an overemphasis on inpatient and specialty care at the expense of primary and community-based care.

• Hospital mergers are leading to anti-competitive practices and higher prices, with no evidence of gains in quality. For many hospitals, financial performance is their priority. Quality and safety are rarely prioritized and remain uneven.

• Hospitals in rural areas are closing leading to concerns about access to critical care in these areas.

• Regulatory requirements and variation in priorities and requirements from purchasers and payers imposed on hospitals contribute to the high cost and variation in performance of hospital-based care in California.
HOSPITALS: 2030 FUTURE STATE

Hospitals and other Facilities are Continuously Refining Their Roles as Components of Health Systems

- Advances in technology, remote monitoring, telemedicine and payment systems have shifted much acute and chronic care to home and community-based facilities, leading to the “right-sizing” of hospitals, while regulatory changes have enabled planning for less costly approaches to meeting surges in demand.

- Variation in access to care and quality of care at the regional and facility level are greatly decreased. Facility-based care is an integrated component of health systems where safety and quality are outstanding; the quality and cost of care are continuously evaluated and transparently reported.

- Value-based payment is fostering the continued redesign of care to reduce costs and improve safety and has led health systems to prioritize the public good.

- Hospitals are incorporating community benefits in their planning processes.

- *Universal insurance and excellent access to all levels of service and adequate behavioral health services have shifted routine care for the uninsured from emergency rooms to other settings.*

- Health professional education is no longer hospital-focused and is taking place in settings best suited to the learner’s needs.
HEALTH PLANS: CURRENT STATE

• Health plans compete in a complex market where provider consolidation and pricing power is increasing, relationships are in constant flux and contracts must be continuously renegotiated.

• Limited regulation has led to the proliferation of plan designs that are often customized for each purchaser, sometimes with multiple plan designs. This contributes to high administrative costs and consumer, provider and purchaser confusion.

• Provider networks are complex, overlapping and difficult for consumers to understand. Primary care clinicians often work with several organized physician groups interfering with their ability to assume the leadership roles that are needed. The quality and costs of providers in any network – whether overall or for specific conditions – are often times unknown due to inaccurate or incomplete information, forcing consumers to choose based on reputation or price, not meaningful measures of value.

• For some plans, risk avoidance remains an effective strategy for maximizing profits. The complexity of the market means that plans are not competing to improve quality and affordability for consumers.

• Some plans have demonstrated the ability to provide quality care through provider-plan partnerships, innovative care models that include addressing social needs, and leveraging clinical and patient decision-support technology.
HEALTH PLANS: 2030 FUTURE STATE

Health Plan Offerings are Standardized and Anchored in Partnerships with Providers that Improve Value

- Plans compete on value that is defined by quality and affordability.
- Consumers choose coverage through easy-to-use information services that offer a limited number of plans with common standard benefit designs, a common, agreed upon formulary and with distinct well-defined networks of providers.
- Primary care clinicians work for and are supported in providing leadership within only one integrated, coordinated network. These networks are paid under a unified population-based budget and have flexibility on how they pay providers within the network.
- Common benefit designs and uniform billing and administrative systems have markedly reduced administrative costs.
- Comprehensive performance measures at both the provider and plan level enable meaningful competition among a reasonable number of provider-plan partnerships in local health care markets.
- Plans focus on improving care, reducing costs, ensuring consumer satisfaction and promoting health equity.
- Plans are incentivizing health systems and providers to screen for and address the social determinants of health that may also be impacting health outcomes.
PURCHASERS: CURRENT STATE

• Purchasers’ efforts to slow healthcare costs are largely ineffective; these mounting costs consume an increasing share of employee compensation and reduce take home pay.

• Purchasers negotiate individually with health insurers over details of benefits, plan design and prices that have little impact on the forces driving rising costs or variable quality. Lack of broad alignment limits purchasers’ leverage and impact.

• Some purchasers are aligning to address specific health system challenges or health conditions with success.

• Limited information is available on the relative performance of treatments, providers and plans, or the effectiveness of different policy approaches to improving health or health care.
Purchaser Alignment is Transforming Health Care Delivery and Reduce Health Care Costs

- Public and private purchasers have aligned on effective care delivery models, provider payment strategies, performance measures and health plan design so that meaningful competition leads to ongoing quality improvement (including addressing disparities) and reduction in health care costs.
- Whether through individual or employer-sponsored coverage, consumers are choosing among a limited number of plans with common benefit designs.
- Purchaser alignment enables aggressive negotiation with plans and health systems, further enhancing competition among insurers.
- Quality and cost transparency are contributing to effective competition between plans.
- Health care costs are declining relative to economic growth.
- Information on effective health policies and delivery reforms are driving further improvements in population health, health care quality and costs.
COMMUNITIES: CURRENT STATE

• Inequity in wealth and power, along with structural racism have led to pervasive disparities in health care, health, and wellbeing. As a result, we see a higher burden of illness and mortality experienced by certain groups relative to others based on various demographics, including geography, sexual orientation, gender identity, income level, education level, and race/ethnicity.

• Health care costs continue to increase, constraining individuals’ and communities’ capacity to invest in other goods and services that could improve health and well-being overall while reducing disparities.

• Communities are resourceful and resilient, and many are motivated to invest in long term solutions that promote health and well-being for residents. Community and non-profit organizations play a crucial role in the health and well-being of residents.
COMMUNITIES: 2030 FUTURE STATE

Communities Support and Improve the Health and Well-Being of All Residents

• Communities are designed, built and redesigned to promote optimal health for all individuals where they are born, live, learn, work, pray and age.

• Communities are supported through policies, systems and environmental changes that improve the health and well-being of community members and ensure equitable access to resources.

• Communities are empowered with the information, leadership and resources that are needed to ensure health equity across social, economic and behavioral determinants of health.

• Access to health care and the quality of health care does not vary by community or individual based on geography, education level, income level and race or ethnicity.

• Health care is consuming a smaller fraction of income.

• Individuals of diverse backgrounds feel respected and valued.
FEEDBACK ON VISION STATEMENTS

• Covered California would like to emphasize that these vision statements are an evolving draft document, with ongoing revisions reflecting the input received from stakeholders.

• In articulating these vision statements, Covered California’s goal is to stimulate thoughtful discussion and to provide specific ideas to consider as starting point for action.

• We recognize that bringing in partners and stakeholders to further develop and shape this vision is imperative, as a shared vision is the foundation for transformational change.

• We look forward to working with others to further strengthen and refine these ideas.

• Please send questions or comments to Thai at thai.lee@covered.ca.gov
THANK YOU