

EQUITY & DISPARITIES REDUCTION

Healthcare Evidence Initiative (HEI) Measure Results

- Member race and ethnicity is sourced from the California Healthcare Eligibility, Enrollment, and Retention System (CalHEERS).
- Health Evidence Initiative (HEI) data excludes Covered California for Small Business (CCSB), includes only Qualified Health Plan (QHP) submitted claims, and includes allowable adjustments resulting in small changes to measure specifications.
- Total rates are not displayed for measures stratified by race and ethnicity due to small discrepancies compared to publicly reported HEDIS and QRS measure rates, resulting from HEI data characteristics outlined above.
- All HEI-sourced rates are subject to a quality assurance process including assessing year-over-year results, comparison to QRS publicly reported results where applicable and other industry norms.
- Rates with fewer than 11 cases in the numerator have been suppressed to comply with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) Privacy Rule's de-identification standard.
- Rates with fewer than 30 cases in the denominator have been suppressed because such small rates can be unreliable.

RACE AND ETHNICITY STRATIFICATION BACKGROUND

- Covered California’s membership reflects the state’s racial and ethnic diversity: among enrollees who provide demographic information, two-thirds are people of color.
- Since its inception, addressing health equity and disparities in healthcare has been integral to the mission of Covered California and central to the organization’s marketing, benefit design and health plan accountability efforts.
- Covered California has several contractual requirements directly related to health equity and disparities reduction:
 - Covered California requires health plans to achieve an 80% self-reported response rate for race/ethnicity tied to a performance guarantee; beginning in 2023 health plans must also meet self-reported language data collection requirements.
 - This report includes several stratified administrative measures by race and ethnicity. In addition, Covered California is looking at hybrid measures using issuer-submitted patient level data, and in the future our Quality Transformation Initiative – which uses a small number of critical clinical measures for health plans accountability – will be stratified by race/ethnicity, language, and income.
 - Disparities reduction interventions are required of all health plans and are tied to performance guarantees.
 - NCQA Health Equity Accreditation (previously Multicultural Health Care Distinction) must be obtained by 2023.

Covered California recognizes that aggregation of individuals in broad sub-population categories obscures the health disparities experienced by diverse groups, making it difficult to understand disparities across the group and identify responsive policy or program solutions. While Covered California’s demographic data policies are consistent with federal standards, we are committed to pursuing analyses with disaggregated sub-population data in the future.

RACE AND ETHNICITY STRATIFICATION MAPPING

Covered California Race and Ethnicity Categories	Office of Management and Budget	Enrollee Selection [CalHEERS]	Covered California Plan Performance Report Cohort
Responses for ethnicity	Hispanic or Latino	<i>Hispanic or Latino Indicator – Yes</i>	Hispanic or Latino
		Cuban Guatemalan Mexican/Mexican American/Chicano Other Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish Origin Puerto Rican Salvadoran	
Responses for race	American Indian or Alaska Native	American Indian or Alaska Native	American Indian or Alaska Native
	Asian	Asian Indian Cambodian Chinese Filipino Hmong Japanese Korean Laotian Other Asian Vietnamese	Asian American
	Black or African American	Black or African American	Black or African American
	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI)	Native Hawaiian Samoan Guamanian or Chamorro Other Pacific Islander	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
	White	White	White
	Other	Other	Other
Multiple responses for race		Multiple (more than one race selected)	Multi-Racial
No response for race [or ethnicity]		Null (no response)	Non-Respondent

Section Index

Measure Results (alphabetically)	Slide #
Adult Preventative Visits	5-18
Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits	19-32
Breast Cancer Screening	33-46
Diabetes Hemoglobin A1c Testing	47-60
Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class	61-74
Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists	75-88
Proportion of Days Covered: Statins	89-102



ADULT PREVENTIVE VISITS PER 1,000 MEMBERS YEARS

Anthem EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	267
Other	254
Hispanic or Latino	221
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	213
White	210
Multi-Racial	205
American Indian / Alaska Native	195
Black or African American	195
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of preventive visits for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of Adult Preventive Visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- Preventive medicine visits include initial or periodic comprehensive preventive medicine examinations, and any counseling or risk factor reduction interventions performed at the time of the examination
- These visits are an opportunity for individuals to receive essential services, they also can help to address acute issues or manage chronic conditions
- Indicator: Higher is better



ADULT PREVENTIVE VISITS PER 1,000 MEMBERS YEARS

Blue Shield HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	488
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	362
Other	356
White	335
Black or African American	330
Multi-Racial	330
Hispanic or Latino	328
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	291
American Indian / Alaska Native	261

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of preventive visits for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of Adult Preventive Visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- Preventive medicine visits include initial or periodic comprehensive preventive medicine examinations, and any counseling or risk factor reduction interventions performed at the time of the examination
- These visits are an opportunity for individuals to receive essential services, they also can help to address acute issues or manage chronic conditions
- Indicator: Higher is better



ADULT PREVENTIVE VISITS PER 1,000 MEMBERS YEARS

Blue Shield PPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	432
Other	407
White	385
Black or African American	379
Multi-Racial	379
Non-Respondent	377
Hispanic or Latino	324
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	267
American Indian / Alaska Native	261

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of preventive visits for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of Adult Preventive Visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- Preventive medicine visits include initial or periodic comprehensive preventive medicine examinations, and any counseling or risk factor reduction interventions performed at the time of the examination
- These visits are an opportunity for individuals to receive essential services, they also can help to address acute issues or manage chronic conditions
- Indicator: Higher is better



ADULT PREVENTIVE VISITS PER 1,000 MEMBERS YEARS

Chinese Community Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Multi-Racial	386
White	367
Asian American	337
Other	332
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	317
Hispanic or Latino	315
Black or African American	304
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of preventive visits for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of Adult Preventive Visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- Preventive medicine visits include initial or periodic comprehensive preventive medicine examinations, and any counseling or risk factor reduction interventions performed at the time of the examination
- These visits are an opportunity for individuals to receive essential services, they also can help to address acute issues or manage chronic conditions
- Indicator: Higher is better



ADULT PREVENTIVE VISITS PER 1,000 MEMBERS YEARS

Health Net EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Other	330
White	295
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	204
Asian American	164
Hispanic or Latino	129
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of preventive visits for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of Adult Preventive Visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- Preventive medicine visits include initial or periodic comprehensive preventive medicine examinations, and any counseling or risk factor reduction interventions performed at the time of the examination
- These visits are an opportunity for individuals to receive essential services, they also can help to address acute issues or manage chronic conditions
- Indicator: Higher is better



ADULT PREVENTIVE VISITS PER 1,000 MEMBERS YEARS

Health Net HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	419
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	356
Black or African American	352
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	351
Hispanic or Latino	347
Other	342
American Indian / Alaska Native	325
Multi-Racial	319
White	319

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of preventive visits for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of Adult Preventive Visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- Preventive medicine visits include initial or periodic comprehensive preventive medicine examinations, and any counseling or risk factor reduction interventions performed at the time of the examination
- These visits are an opportunity for individuals to receive essential services, they also can help to address acute issues or manage chronic conditions
- Indicator: Higher is better



ADULT PREVENTIVE VISITS PER 1,000 MEMBERS YEARS

Health Net PPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Other	282
White	265
Black or African American	264
Asian American	253
Non-Respondent	245
Multi-Racial	243
Hispanic or Latino	227
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of preventive visits for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of Adult Preventive Visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- Preventive medicine visits include initial or periodic comprehensive preventive medicine examinations, and any counseling or risk factor reduction interventions performed at the time of the examination
- These visits are an opportunity for individuals to receive essential services, they also can help to address acute issues or manage chronic conditions
- Indicator: Higher is better



ADULT PREVENTIVE VISITS PER 1,000 MEMBERS YEARS

Kaiser Permanente HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	291
Black or African American	271
Other	255
Hispanic or Latino	247
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	245
Multi-Racial	232
White	232
American Indian / Alaska Native	213
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	197

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of preventive visits for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of Adult Preventive Visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- Preventive medicine visits include initial or periodic comprehensive preventive medicine examinations, and any counseling or risk factor reduction interventions performed at the time of the examination
- These visits are an opportunity for individuals to receive essential services, they also can help to address acute issues or manage chronic conditions
- Indicator: Higher is better



ADULT PREVENTIVE VISITS PER 1,000 MEMBERS YEARS

LA Care HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	364
Other	320
Black or African American	307
Multi-Racial	305
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	304
Hispanic or Latino	301
White	298
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of preventive visits for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of Adult Preventive Visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- Preventive medicine visits include initial or periodic comprehensive preventive medicine examinations, and any counseling or risk factor reduction interventions performed at the time of the examination
- These visits are an opportunity for individuals to receive essential services, they also can help to address acute issues or manage chronic conditions
- Indicator: Higher is better



ADULT PREVENTIVE VISITS PER 1,000 MEMBERS YEARS

Molina Healthcare HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Black or African American	261
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	252
Other	239
White	238
Asian American	235
Multi-Racial	203
Non-Respondent	195
Hispanic or Latino	164
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of preventive visits for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of Adult Preventive Visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- Preventive medicine visits include initial or periodic comprehensive preventive medicine examinations, and any counseling or risk factor reduction interventions performed at the time of the examination
- These visits are an opportunity for individuals to receive essential services, they also can help to address acute issues or manage chronic conditions
- Indicator: Higher is better



ADULT PREVENTIVE VISITS PER 1,000 MEMBERS YEARS

Oscar Health Plan EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Black or African American	476
Other	457
White	420
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	401
Multi-Racial	384
American Indian / Alaska Native	377
Hispanic or Latino	348
Asian American	320
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of preventive visits for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of Adult Preventive Visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- Preventive medicine visits include initial or periodic comprehensive preventive medicine examinations, and any counseling or risk factor reduction interventions performed at the time of the examination
- These visits are an opportunity for individuals to receive essential services, they also can help to address acute issues or manage chronic conditions
- Indicator: Higher is better



ADULT PREVENTIVE VISITS PER 1,000 MEMBERS YEARS

Sharp Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	336
Black or African American	336
Other	326
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	312
White	307
Hispanic or Latino	288
Multi-Racial	253
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of preventive visits for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of Adult Preventive Visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- Preventive medicine visits include initial or periodic comprehensive preventive medicine examinations, and any counseling or risk factor reduction interventions performed at the time of the examination
- These visits are an opportunity for individuals to receive essential services, they also can help to address acute issues or manage chronic conditions
- Indicator: Higher is better



ADULT PREVENTIVE VISITS PER 1,000 MEMBERS YEARS

Valley Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	282
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	204
Other	168
Multi-Racial	151
White	124
Hispanic or Latino	122
Black or African American	95
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of preventive visits for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of Adult Preventive Visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- Preventive medicine visits include initial or periodic comprehensive preventive medicine examinations, and any counseling or risk factor reduction interventions performed at the time of the examination
- These visits are an opportunity for individuals to receive essential services, they also can help to address acute issues or manage chronic conditions
- Indicator: Higher is better



ADULT PREVENTIVE VISITS PER 1,000

Western Health Advantage HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	311
White	307
Asian American	301
Other	294
Black or African American	286
Hispanic or Latino	245
Multi-Racial	239
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of preventive visits for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of Adult Preventive Visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- Preventive medicine visits include initial or periodic comprehensive preventive medicine examinations, and any counseling or risk factor reduction interventions performed at the time of the examination
- These visits are an opportunity for individuals to receive essential services, they also can help to address acute issues or manage chronic conditions
- Indicator: Higher is better



AMBULATORY EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS PER 1,000

Anthem EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	100
Hispanic or Latino	167
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	173
Multi-Racial	175
Other	182
White	190
American Indian / Alaska Native	316
Black or African American	376
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



AMBULATORY EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS PER 1,000

Blue Shield HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	90
Multi-Racial	170
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	202
Hispanic or Latino	226
White	227
Other	229
Black or African American	343
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	352
American Indian / Alaska Native	497

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



AMBULATORY EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS PER 1,000

Blue Shield PPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	100
Multi-Racial	199
White	203
Other	208
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	209
Hispanic or Latino	218
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	233
Black or African American	291
American Indian / Alaska Native	449

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



AMBULATORY EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS PER 1,000

Chinese Community Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	55
Non-Respondent	99
Other	101
White	103
Hispanic or Latino	107
Black or African American	223
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



AMBULATORY EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS PER 1,000

Health Net EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	121
Hispanic or Latino	123
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	242
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Asian American	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
Other	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



AMBULATORY EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS PER 1,000

Health Net HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	70
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	122
Multi-Racial	132
Other	142
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	152
White	165
Hispanic or Latino	178
Black or African American	222
American Indian / Alaska Native	494

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



AMBULATORY EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS PER 1,000

Health Net PPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	51
Multi-Racial	109
Non-Respondent	121
Other	136
White	139
Hispanic or Latino	148
Black or African American	247
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



AMBULATORY EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS PER 1,000

Kaiser Permanente HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	112
White	167
Multi-Racial	168
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	<i>180</i>
Hispanic or Latino	193
Other	195
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	262
Black or African American	282
American Indian / Alaska Native	359

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



AMBULATORY EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS PER 1,000

LA Care HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	80
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	156
Multi-Racial	160
White	182
Hispanic or Latino	187
Other	199
Black or African American	270
American Indian / Alaska Native	371
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



AMBULATORY EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS PER 1,000

Molina Healthcare HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	65
Multi-Racial	93
Hispanic or Latino	121
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	<i>130</i>
White	138
Other	142
Black or African American	190
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



AMBULATORY EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS PER 1,000

Oscar Health Plan EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	37
Multi-Racial	48
White	92
Hispanic or Latino	99
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	102
Other	124
Black or African American	145
American Indian / Alaska Native	233
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



AMBULATORY EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS PER 1,000

Sharp Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	76
Multi-Racial	87
White	134
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	141
Hispanic or Latino	144
Other	160
Black or African American	168
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



AMBULATORY EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS PER 1,000

Valley Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	91
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	161
Other	170
Multi-Racial	186
White	231
Hispanic or Latino	251
Black or African American	298
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	534
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



AMBULATORY EMERGENCY ROOM VISITS PER 1,000

Western Health Advantage HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	154
Asian American	170
White	201
Hispanic or Latino	223
Other	256
Black or African American	331
American Indian / Alaska Native	692
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) * 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



BREAST CANCER SCREENING (NQF #2372)

Anthem EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Hispanic or Latino	62%
White	57%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	55%
American Indian / Alaska Native	54%
Other	54%
Black or African American	52%
Asian American	50%
Multi-Racial	49%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



BREAST CANCER SCREENING (NQF #2372)

Blue Shield HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Hispanic or Latino	79%
Multi-Racial	76%
Other	74%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	70%
Asian American	69%
White	68%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



BREAST CANCER SCREENING (NQF #2372)

Blue Shield PPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Black or African American	72%
Hispanic or Latino	72%
Other	70%
White	68%
Multi-Racial	65%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	65%
Asian American	63%
American Indian / Alaska Native	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



BREAST CANCER SCREENING (NQF #2372)

Chinese Community Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Other	74%
Hispanic or Latino	71%
Asian American	63%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	56%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
White	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



BREAST CANCER SCREENING (NQF #2372)

Health Net EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	56%
Non-Respondent	39%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Asian American	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Hispanic or Latino	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
Other	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



BREAST CANCER SCREENING (NQF #2372)

Health Net HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Hispanic or Latino	73%
Black or African American	70%
Other	68%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	67%
White	64%
Asian American	63%
Multi-Racial	62%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



BREAST CANCER SCREENING (NQF #2372)

Health Net PPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Hispanic or Latino	57%
White	56%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	50%
Asian American	46%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
Other	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



BREAST CANCER SCREENING (NQF #2372)

Kaiser Permanente HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
American Indian / Alaska Native	88%
Hispanic or Latino	80%
Black or African American	78%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	79%
Asian American	77%
Other	77%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	76%
Multi-Racial	75%
White	75%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



BREAST CANCER SCREENING (NQF #2372)

LA Care HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Hispanic or Latino	71%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	67%
Black or African American	66%
Other	63%
White	63%
Asian American	55%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



BREAST CANCER SCREENING (NQF #2372)

Molina Healthcare HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Other	55%
Black or African American	54%
White	48%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	45%
Hispanic or Latino	44%
Asian American	40%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



BREAST CANCER SCREENING (NQF #2372)

Oscar Health Plan EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Hispanic or Latino	69%
Other	68%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	66%
White	62%
Asian American	44%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



BREAST CANCER SCREENING (NQF #2372)

Sharp Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Other	82%
Hispanic or Latino	80%
Asian American	78%
White	77%
Non-Respondent	77%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



BREAST CANCER SCREENING (NQF #2372)

Valley Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Hispanic or Latino	75%
Asian American	71%
White	67%
Non-Respondent	66%
Other	57%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



BREAST CANCER SCREENING (NQF #2372)

Western Health Advantage HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Hispanic or Latino	75%
Other	74%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	63%
White	62%
Asian American	60%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



DIABETES HBA1C TESTING (NQF #0057)

Anthem EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Hispanic or Latino	89%
Other	86%
American Indian / Alaska Native	85%
Asian American	85%
Multi-Racial	85%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	83%
White	82%
Black or African American	69%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



DIABETES HBA1C TESTING (NQF #0057)

Blue Shield HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	91%
Hispanic or Latino	91%
Other	87%
White	87%
Non-Respondent	87%
Multi-Racial	85%
Black or African American	83%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



DIABETES HBA1C TESTING (NQF #0057)

Blue Shield PPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Multi-Racial	91%
Hispanic or Latino	90%
Asian American	88%
Black or African American	88%
Other	87%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	87%
White	86%
American Indian / Alaska Native	84%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



DIABETES HBA1C TESTING (NQF #0057)

Chinese Community Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	81%
Non-Respondent	75%
Other	61%
Hispanic or Latino	56%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
White	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



DIABETES HBA1C TESTING (NQF #0057)

Health Net EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Asian American	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Hispanic or Latino	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
Other	Too Few Members
White	Too Few Members
Non-Respondent	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



DIABETES HBA1C TESTING (NQF #0057)

Health Net HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	82%
Black or African American	79%
Hispanic or Latino	79%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	78%
White	75%
Other	74%
Multi-Racial	72%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



DIABETES HBA1C TESTING (NQF #0057)

Health Net PPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	77%
Hispanic or Latino	75%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	75%
Other	74%
White	74%
Black or African American	63%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



DIABETES HBA1C TESTING (NQF #0057)

Kaiser Permanente HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	96%
Other	95%
American Indian / Alaska Native	94%
Black or African American	94%
Hispanic or Latino	94%
Multi-Racial	94%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	94%
White	93%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	92%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



DIABETES HBA1C TESTING (NQF #0057)

LA Care HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Multi-Racial	90%
Asian American	88%
Hispanic or Latino	88%
Black or African American	86%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	86%
Other	84%
White	82%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



DIABETES HBA1C TESTING (NQF #0057)

Molina Healthcare HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Black or African American	86%
Other	86%
Asian American	83%
Hispanic or Latino	82%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	82%
White	79%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



DIABETES HBA1C TESTING (NQF #0057)

Oscar Health Plan EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	87%
Other	85%
White	85%
Hispanic or Latino	83%
Asian American	77%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



DIABETES HBA1C TESTING (NQF #0057)

Sharp Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	99%
Hispanic or Latino	96%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	94%
White	93%
Other	91%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



DIABETES HBA1C TESTING (NQF #0057)

Valley Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	87%
Asian American	86%
Other	85%
Hispanic or Latino	84%
White	81%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



DIABETES HBA1C TESTING (NQF #0057)

Western Health Advantage HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	88%
Asian American	84%
Hispanic or Latino	84%
White	84%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
Other	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: DIABETES ALL CLASS

Anthem EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	73%
Multi-Racial	67%
Other	67%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	66%
Asian American	58%
Hispanic or Latino	58%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: DIABETES ALL CLASS

Blue Shield HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	70%
White	69%
Non-Respondent	65%
Hispanic or Latino	64%
Other	61%
Multi-Racial	60%
Black or African American	55%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: DIABETES ALL CLASS

Blue Shield PPO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	69%
Asian American	68%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	67%
Other	66%
Multi-Racial	65%
Black or African American	62%
Hispanic or Latino	62%
American Indian / Alaska Native	58%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: DIABETES ALL CLASS

Chinese Community Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Other	84%
Asian American	75%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	68%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Hispanic or Latino	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
White	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: DIABETES ALL CLASS

Health Net EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Asian American	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Hispanic or Latino	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
Other	Too Few Members
White	Too Few Members
Non-Respondent	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: DIABETES ALL CLASS

Health Net HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Other	76%
White	74%
Asian American	72%
Multi-Racial	72%
Black or African American	70%
Non-Respondent	69%
Hispanic or Latino	67%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: DIABETES ALL CLASS

Health Net PPO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	73%
Asian American	65%
Other	64%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	62%
Hispanic or Latino	60%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: DIABETES ALL CLASS

Kaiser Permanente HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	79%
Asian American	78%
Multi-Racial	78%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	76%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	75%
Other	74%
Hispanic or Latino	73%
Black or African American	72%
American Indian / Alaska Native	67%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: DIABETES ALL CLASS

LA Care HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	75%
Asian American	74%
Other	72%
Hispanic or Latino	70%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	70%
Black or African American	62%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: DIABETES ALL CLASS

Molina Healthcare HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	79%
Other	73%
Asian American	72%
Non-Respondent	65%
Hispanic or Latino	63%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: DIABETES ALL CLASS

Oscar Health Plan EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	79%
White	71%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	70%
Hispanic or Latino	66%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
Other	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: DIABETES ALL CLASS

Sharp Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	77%
Asian American	75%
Hispanic or Latino	72%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	71%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
Other	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: DIABETES ALL CLASS

Valley Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	76%
Non-Respondent	74%
Asian American	70%
Other	66%
Hispanic or Latino	61%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: DIABETES ALL CLASS

Western Health Advantage HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	78%
White	72%
Hispanic or Latino	60%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Asian American	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
Other	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: RAS ANTAGONISTS

Anthem EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
American Indian / Alaska Native	71%
White	70%
Black or African American	67%
Other	65%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	63%
Multi-Racial	60%
Asian American	58%
Hispanic or Latino	57%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: RAS ANTAGONISTS

Blue Shield HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	71%
Non-Respondent	69%
Asian American	67%
Other	67%
Hispanic or Latino	64%
Multi-Racial	64%
Black or African American	63%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: RAS ANTAGONISTS

Blue Shield PPO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	74%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	70%
Multi-Racial	69%
Other	68%
Asian American	66%
American Indian / Alaska Native	65%
Black or African American	65%
Hispanic or Latino	64%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: RAS ANTAGONISTS

Chinese Community Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Other	90%
Asian American	77%
White	68%
Non-Respondent	67%
Hispanic or Latino	63%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: RAS ANTAGONISTS

Health Net EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	61%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Asian American	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Hispanic or Latino	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
Other	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	<i>Too Few Members</i>

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: RAS ANTAGONISTS

Health Net HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	76%
Multi-Racial	71%
Hispanic or Latino	70%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	70%
Other	69%
Asian American	68%
Black or African American	68%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: RAS ANTAGONISTS



Health Net PPO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	75%
Other	65%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	65%
Hispanic or Latino	63%
Asian American	60%
Black or African American	57%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: RAS ANTAGONISTS

Kaiser Permanente HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	81%
Asian American	79%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	79%
Other	77%
American Indian / Alaska Native	76%
Hispanic or Latino	76%
Multi-Racial	76%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	75%
Black or African American	74%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: RAS ANTAGONISTS

LA Care HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Multi-Racial	79%
Other	77%
Asian American	76%
White	76%
Hispanic or Latino	73%
Non-Respondent	71%
Black or African American	68%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: RAS ANTAGONISTS

Molina Healthcare HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Black or African American	77%
White	77%
Asian American	72%
Other	71%
Non-Respondent	66%
Hispanic or Latino	65%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: RAS ANTAGONISTS

Oscar Health Plan EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	79%
Asian American	76%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	71%
Hispanic or Latino	70%
Other	69%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: RAS ANTAGONISTS

Sharp Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
Other	81%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	80%
Asian American	79%
White	79%
Hispanic or Latino	72%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: RAS ANTAGONISTS

Valley Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	82%
White	79%
Asian American	77%
Other	72%
Hispanic or Latino	67%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: RAS ANTAGONISTS

Western Health Advantage HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	75%
Other	73%
Hispanic or Latino	71%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	71%
Asian American	69%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: STATINS

Anthem EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	70%
Black or African American	69%
Multi-Racial	65%
Non-Respondent	62%
American Indian / Alaska Native	57%
Asian American	57%
Other	55%
Hispanic or Latino	50%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: STATINS

Blue Shield HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	68%
Multi-Racial	65%
Other	62%
Asian American	59%
Non-Respondent	59%
Black or African American	56%
Hispanic or Latino	52%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: STATINS

Blue Shield PPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Multi-Racial	69%
White	69%
Non-Respondent	65%
Other	63%
Black or African American	62%
American Indian / Alaska Native	60%
Asian American	60%
Hispanic or Latino	55%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: STATINS

Chinese Community Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	71%
Asian American	69%
Other	69%
White	66%
Hispanic or Latino	57%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: STATINS

Health Net EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	76%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Asian American	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Hispanic or Latino	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
Other	Too Few Members
Non-Respondent	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: STATINS

Health Net HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	73%
Black or African American	69%
Other	65%
Multi-Racial	62%
Non-Respondent	61%
Hispanic or Latino	59%
Asian American	58%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: STATINS

Health Net PPO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	68%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	62%
Other	57%
Hispanic or Latino	54%
Asian American	50%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: STATINS

Kaiser Permanente HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
American Indian / Alaska Native	79%
White	79%
Multi-Racial	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	77%
Asian American	75%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	74%
Other	73%
Black or African American	72%
Hispanic or Latino	68%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: STATINS

LA Care HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	71%
Multi-Racial	70%
Other	70%
Asian American	69%
Non-Respondent	67%
Hispanic or Latino	65%
Black or African American	61%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: STATINS

Molina Healthcare HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	72%
Asian American	66%
Other	60%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	60%
Black or African American	59%
Hispanic or Latino	52%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: STATINS

Oscar Health Plan EPO	MY2019 Measure Score
Asian American	78%
White	77%
Other	76%
Hispanic or Latino	71%
Non-Respondent	68%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: STATINS

Sharp Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	78%
White	77%
Hispanic or Latino	74%
Other	74%
Asian American	68%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: STATINS

Valley Health Plan HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	73%
Asian American	71%
Non-Respondent	71%
Other	64%
Hispanic or Latino	63%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



PROPORTION OF DAYS COVERED: STATINS

Western Health Advantage HMO	MY2019 Measure Score
White	70%
Non-Respondent	67%
Hispanic or Latino	52%
Asian American	48%
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members
Black or African American	Too Few Members
Multi-Racial	Too Few Members
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members
Other	Too Few Members

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better